

CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

A. Background of the Study

Language is the significant norm of communication, and communication nearly always carries spot within some social purpose. Regarding the definition, language is the sound (image) instruction with suitable coding and decoding standard developed by humans due to communication requirements. Important definition language is sound/symbol as material surface, meaning as definition, composed of vocabulary and grammar. Generally, language is a communication instruction set with standard processing rules. Instructions are conveyed by sight, sound or touch. Strictly speaking, language refers to the instructions humans use to communicate - natural language. All people acquire language ability through learning, and the purpose of language is to communicate ideas, opinions, ideas.

Language is just as important in building human connections either written or orally. It roles as intimate part of social identity and also forms the basis of how users identify with each other. The purpose learning the language is the learner must also understand the society and culture behind the language, Avoid transplanting the form, meaning, and distribution of the mother tongue and its culture into the second language, and learn a purer second language as much as possible. Without language, we cannot express the ideas, opinions, thought and feeling simply and need more time to explain by medium non language. Without language, it is hard to communicate well and get feedback for proper communication.

Idiom is an interesting things in languages. A connotation of an idiom is not a sum of its literal parts and often it does not have equivalents in other languages. Idiom it self in (Gunawan & Erippudin, 2019) defined as “Idioms are fixed phrases that have been used, and the meaning is not apparent through knowledge of the individual meanings. They are language units that are richer in meaning than words and have grammatical functions equivalent to words.

They also have profound ideological connotations and are short, incisive, and easy to remember and use. They are often accompanied by emotion. An idiom is a fixed phrase formed by long-term use and tempering in a language. It is a language unit that is richer in meaning than words and equivalent to words in grammar and is concise and easy to use. In daily life, actually people often encounter some words which are idioms and common sayings.

There are several languages that are often used by people around the world. Quoting from UNESCO, the most widely spoken languages in the world are English, Mandarin, Arabic, Korean, Hindi, Spanish, German. Still, most of the world's People use English a lot as a means of communication. Due to globalization's influence nowadays, information is very fast moving and developing. Also, as a global language, people use English to build relationships between people in several countries. There is no doubt or overestimation that English is "the key to communication."

English had evolved into the primary language widely used for communication between individuals of different first (and even second) languages at the end of the twenty century. Over the past few decades, the development of English has increase. Braj Kachru estimated According to a recent assessment, English is the first language of approximately 375 million people worldwide; another approximately 375 million speak English as a second language. About 750 million people in the world still use and master English as a foreign language.

In this context, (Holly Young, 2017) also supports improving English skills as "the key to communication." Almost all information available on the Internet is in English, he wrote. Since the Internet has always been a global gateway to the world, the main language used definetly is English. Flashback in the middle of 1990s, 80 percent of the content is contain english language. However, but after the rapid development of the internet, English fell to 30% because the content on the internet had spread to various languages so that the content in English shrank drastically. However, if the overall accumulation is

calculated, English is still the first language used on the internet with 872.9 million users.

Therefore, there are many people worldwide are interested to studying or learning English in this era because foreign language skills is important. Learning is often known as an intended process that concerns trying to remember data relevant to what is being known. People can get something valuable in their daily activities, because in this era English has huge influence on social life.

The book entitled *How to Teach English* by (Harmer, 2007a) also wrote the reason why English is growing rapidly in the world. Actually there are five factors: Economy, Colonial History (colonialism), traveling, and popular culture such as pop culture such as movies or songs. Many countries, including Indonesia, are aware that English has become an important international language used throughout the world. The process of teaching and learning English in Indonesia has started since the implementation of the curriculum and is one of the important subjects taught in this country. At least until now, English is still the subject of national examinations. However, learning English as a foreign language is difficult for most Indonesian students as it is not their native language either. For most Indonesian students, learn English must study a thick language dictionary, structure, grammar, and systematic pronunciation. Most of them are bored, sleepy, or even do not understand at all when learning English.

When people want to discover or speak English well, they must understand vocabulary, grammar, and pronunciation because vocabulary conveys the definition of a word. English learning process in teaching has four items: listening, speaking, reading, and writing. These are essential in every word in the world. However, most importantly, one thing is more important than these four skills. Vocabulary is an essential skill that must first be learned in every language. It is the vocabulary, the foundation of all languages in the world. Words are the basic units of language structure obstructions, the units of meaning that make up larger structures such as sentences, paragraphs, and full

texts. It plays a more influential role than any grammar and structure because everything we speak, write, read or listen to happens because we have the vocabulary.

English idiom has always been a difficult thing to learn. Sometimes foreign language learners use expressions that can sound awkward to native speakers, usually because of inappropriate collocations. For example, we can say fast food, but not fast food in literal meaning "fast eat," but fast food refers to junk food. At the same time, learning idioms can also make our expressions more accurate and expressive. For example, the sky is also described as cold and dark. Some might say "it's cold and dark." We could use a more accurate pairing of "it was miserable" cold and pitch black. Here we recommend a set of collocation-related books. Idioms are used to replace the two sets of roles for the advanced, idiomatic habits and are often used to replace topics. Weather, clothing, city life, country life, and other topics help with common collocations in each theme movement and have different languages. to apply Idiom might have a simple sentence but it is harder to be translated. (Bortfeld, 2003) has stated that idioms are unchanging phrases that imply something other than a literal interpretation of what their particular parts indicate. As an instance is in Indonesia we used to say "cinta monyet" when two young couple get along together and still immature to be wise in love, but in English it can be translated as "puppy love" instead of "monkey love" because idiom has its own certain terms in translating and it expresses an idea through an image. Idioms can obtain confusing to language and give learners a headache. Idioms are essential in certain situations even idioms can occasionally give us headaches. The use of idioms is so general that comprehending these phrases is essential to successful communication, whether listening, speaking, reading, or writing. Nonetheless, specific idioms sometimes refuse the rules of logic and grammar. Idioms also cannot be translated literally and must be understood or memorized.

There is a need to study idioms from a second language learning perspective, as most research on English idioms has focused on how native speakers understand them. Even phrases are difficult to learn, but there is always

a way to learn expressions. One of the most fun ways to learn idioms is to use songs. The song is an important trend in modern times. Most students want to learn different styles of English, and songs are widespread among young people. Music is a common thing, so people sometimes even know the song's origin or the singer's source. The song can also serve as a medium for vocabulary development. Song is one of the media to memorize vocabulary well. If you ever see on YouTube, when an animation film "Frozen" released, there are so many children in all around the world could sing English even sometimes they do not know the meaning. It proves that song is one of the media that is powerful to teach vocabulary. This means that less nervous students during their studying English better than internally anxious students. Likewise, when learners are in a more relaxing and comfortable atmosphere during the learning process, they will be able to learn more in less time. Most notably, the song is memorable for everyone who listens to it and provides active student engagement. It is hoped that by using songs, students will not feel anxious when learning English and can understand some idioms as their communicative language skills.

B. Research Questions

Based on the research problem above, then the researcher concludes some problems as follows

1. What types of idioms are found in Justin Bieber's song lyrics in album *Justice*?
2. What idioms appear most frequently found in Justin Bieber's song lyrics in album *Justice*?

C. Research Significance

This research proposal is intended to be helpful for the reader or student of English who wants to learn idioms, especially idioms from hit music albums. The author hopes that with this research, readers can identify the types contained in the music album *Justice* by Justin Bieber. The author also hopes that readers can understand the meaning of the idioms in the album's music. For English teachers, the writer hopes can give an insight about types and meaning

of idiom expression. Furthermore, the author hope that this research can give more knowledge in learning idiom and can used as a source for identifying idiom terms.

D. Definition of Key Terms

1. Idiom are some fixed phrases or phrases that are commonly used in language. They can express independently, and the meaning is often implied in the literal.
2. Song is a piece of music and lyrics designed for a singing performance and refers to the sound artwork that combines music and human voice. It is composed by musicians to form a melody that people can hear. With the embellishment of lyrics, the combination of vocals.
3. Lyric is intended to enjoyable the songs with the form of text. Musical lyric contain emotional expression and image building, but they must be restricted by music in structure and rhythm. In the choice of words and characters, the characteristics of auditory art must be considered and enjoyable.
4. Justin Bieber is a singer from Canada. Bieber is the youngest solo artist to top the album chart since 13-year-old Stevie Wonder in 1963. At the end of 2010, Justin Bieber's recognition of the quality of his music started in Baby. Justice is the sixth studio album and released on March 19, 2021. Justice album debuted in the Billboard 200 chart, selling 154,000 equivalent album units in the United States in its first week and becoming Bieber's eight number one album on the chart.