CHAPTER V CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter discussed the conclusions of the research that the researcher conducted. Moreover, it also contains advice on research for English learners, Teachers, and other researcher.

A. Conclusion

In the research entitled "The Analysis of Indonesian Content Creators' Pronunciation in Their Tiktok Posts", it can be concluded that the researcher used qualitative methods to analyse the pronunciation of content creators. It is concluded that all content creators have a good pronunciation with the score more than 80% like a native speaker based on ELSA Speak analysis. In vowel, the content creators don not have a problem in pronouncing $/\Im I$, $/\varpi$ / and $/\Im$ /. While in consonant, they do not have a problem in pronouncing /b l r w h f j g η m \mathfrak{c} /. On the other hand, they have a difficulty in pronouncing $/\kappa$ /, $/\varpi$ / in vowel sounds and /n d z v d \mathfrak{F} \mathfrak{F} \mathfrak{F} \mathfrak{F} in consonant sounds. This happens because of some reason which are their first language interference and lack of practice.

B. Suggestion

Based on the conclusion above, there are several suggestion that the researcher gives to English students, teacher, and other researchers. First, for students, it is found difficult to learn English pronunciation since there is a language interference. So, it is better to learn it carefully and find an expert or reputable sources to learng pronunciation. Then, for, English teacher, this

research found that content creators have a good pronunciation. So, it can be a reference for teaching media. However, the researcher suggests to choose the contents that will be a material since this research still found some errors int the content creators' pronunciation. The last, if other researcher wants to conduct similar research, they must prepare well both the device and methods since this research needs some electronic devices. The researcher hopes that this research can help others to used this as a reference for the future research.